

Amendments to the Claims

Please amend pending Claims 49, 50, 56-62, 66, 67 and 86, and withdrawn Claims 1, 4, 5, 8-10, 21, 25, 27, 33, 47, 48, 64, 68-72 and 75. Please add new Claims 87 and 88. The Claim Listing below will replace all prior versions of the claims in the application:

Claim Listing

1. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A method of recording at least two multiplexed holograms comprising the steps of
reflecting either an object beam or a reference beam from at least one ~~portion of a~~ first aspherical reflecting surface having two focal points, said at least of an aspherical reflecting surface spanning an azimuthal arc of 360°, the object beam and the reference beam generated by a coherent light source, thereby causing the object beam and the reference beam to intersect and form an interference pattern at a selected storage location in a recording media at or near one of the two focal points, thereby recording a first hologram at said selected storage location; and
rotating at least one of a portion of the reference beam impinging on a recording media at the selected storage location and a portion of the object beam impinging on the recording media at said selected storage location through a selected azimuthal angle about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of said portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media,
wherein said axis passes through the selected storage location, and
wherein an angle between optical paths of said portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media is preserved, thereby recording at least two azimuthally multiplexed holograms.
2. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 further including a step of rotating at least one of the portion of the reference beam impinging on the recording media at a selected storage location or the portion of the object beam impinging on the recording media at a selected storage location or combinations thereof through a selected planar angle about an axis

that is perpendicular to the plane formed by the optical axis of said portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media,

wherein said axis passes through the selected storage location, and thereby recording at least two planar-angle multiplexed holograms.

3. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 2 wherein a plurality of azimuthally multiplexed and planar-angle angularly multiplexed holograms is recorded.
4. (Withdrawn – Currently Amended) The method of Claim 3 wherein the reference beam is reflected from ~~[[the]]~~ at least ~~one portion of~~ the first aspherical reflecting surface.
5. (Withdrawn– Currently Amended) The method of Claim ~~[[4]]~~ 1 wherein ~~[[the]]~~ at least one portion of the first aspherical reflecting surface is ~~a portion of~~ an ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
6. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1 wherein the first aspherical reflecting surface is a segmented surface comprising a group of planar mirrors.
7. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 5 further including the steps of
directing the reference beam to said ellipsoidal reflecting surface by reflecting the reference beam from at least one additional reflecting surface.
8. (Withdrawn– Currently Amended) The method of Claim 7 further including the step of
at least partially rotating either one or both ~~the portion of~~ the ellipsoidal reflecting surface and the additional reflecting surface through a series of selected angles, about a first axis, thereby rotating the portion of the reference beam impinging on the recording media at the selected storage location with respect to an axis formed by the optical axis of the portion of the object beam impinging on the recording media at said storage location through a series of azimuthal multiplexing angles $\{\varphi_j\}$, wherein j is an integer, while

preserving the angle between said portions the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media at said storage location.

9. (Withdrawn— Currently Amended) The method of Claim 8 further including the step of at least partially rotating either one or both ~~the portion of~~ the ellipsoidal reflecting surface and the additional reflecting surface through a series of selected angles about a second axis, perpendicular to the first axis, thereby changing an angle between the portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging onto the selected storage location in a recording media through a series of planar-angle multiplexing angles $\{\theta_i\}$, wherein i is an integer.
10. (Withdrawn— Currently Amended) The method of Claim 7 further including the steps of: at least partially rotating either one or both ~~the portion of~~ the ellipsoidal reflecting surface and the additional reflecting surface through a series of selected angles with respect to a first axis, thereby changing an angle between the portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging onto a recording media at the selected storage location through a series of planar-angle multiplexing angles $\{\theta_i\}$, wherein i is an integer; and for each selected planar-angle multiplexing angle θ_i , at least partially rotating either one or both ~~the portion of~~ the ellipsoidal reflecting surface and the additional reflecting surface through a series of selected angles, about a second axis, perpendicular to the first axis, thereby rotating the portion of the reference beam impinging on the recording media at the selected storage location about an axis formed by the optical axis of the portion of the object beam impinging on the recording media at said storage location through a series of azimuthal multiplexing angles $\{\phi_j\}$, wherein j is an integer, while preserving the angle between said portions the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media at said storage location.
11. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 10 wherein the additional reflecting surface is at least partially rotated with respect to the first and the second axes.

12. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 7 wherein the additional reflecting surface is a planar mirror.
13. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 7 wherein the additional reflecting surface is a curved reflecting surface.
14. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 7 wherein the additional reflecting surface is an aspherical surface.
15. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 7 wherein said additional reflecting surface and the recording media are disposed on the same side of any plane that is (a) parallel to a surface of the recording media and (b) intersects the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
16. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 15 wherein a portion of the reference beam impinging on the additional reflecting surface is coaxial with an axis formed by the two foci of the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
17. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 15 wherein a portion of the reference beam impinging on the additional reflecting surface is not coaxial with an axis formed by the two foci of the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
18. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 7 wherein said additional reflecting surface and the recording media are disposed on different sides of any plane that is (a) parallel to the surface of a recording media and (b) intersects the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
19. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 7 wherein directing the reference beam further includes:
 - directing the reference beam reflected from the additional reflecting surface to a second additional reflecting surface; and
 - reflecting the reference beam from said second additional reflecting surface.

20. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 7 wherein directing the reference beam further includes:

directing the reference beam reflected from the ellipsoidal reflecting surface to a second aspherical reflecting surface; and
reflecting said reference beam from the second aspherical reflecting surface.

21. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A method of recording azimuthally multiplexed holograms in an optical recording media, comprising the steps of:

(a) predetermining a series of azimuthal multiplexing angles $\{\phi_j\}$, wherein j is an integer;

(b) selecting an angle ϕ_a wherein a is an integer and ϕ_a is selected from the series $\{\phi_j\}$;

(c) directing an object beam and a reference beam that are mutually coherent at a selected data storage location situated along a selected track on the optical recording media,

wherein the reference beam is reflected from at least one ~~portion of an~~ aspherical ~~mirror~~ reflecting surface having two focal points, said at least one aspherical reflecting surface spanning an azimuthal arc of 360°, and

wherein a portion of the reference beam impinging onto the recording media has an azimuthal angle ϕ_a about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media at or near one of the two focal points;

(d) repeating step (c) for a plurality of selected data storage locations, thereby recording a plurality of holograms, each at a selected storage location along the selected track on the optical recording media; and

(e) repeating steps (c) through (d) for a different integer a , wherein the subsequent holograms are recorded in the selected track using the storage locations utilized by the previously recorded plurality of holograms.

22. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 21 further including repeating steps (a) through (e), wherein a different track on the optical recording media is selected.
23. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 21 wherein the data storage locations along a track are non-overlapping and substantially abutting.
24. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 21 wherein the optical recording media is a disk or card.
25. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The method of Claim 21 wherein the at least one ~~portion of the aspherical mirror~~ reflecting surface is a portion of an ellipsoidal mirror.
26. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 21 further including a step of reflecting the reference beam from at least one additional reflecting surface.
27. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A method of recording azimuthally and angularly multiplexed holograms on an optical recording media, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) predetermining a series of planar-angle multiplexing angles $\{\theta_i\}$, wherein i is an integer;
 - (b) predetermining a series of azimuthal multiplexing angles $\{\phi_j\}$, wherein j is an integer;
 - (c) selecting a pair of angles (θ_a, ϕ_b) wherein a and b are integers and θ_a and ϕ_b are independently selected from the series $\{\theta_i\}$ and $\{\phi_j\}$, respectively;
 - (d) directing an object beam and a reference beam that are mutually coherent at a data storage location situated along a selected track on the optical recording media,
 - wherein the reference beam is reflected from at least one ~~portion of an aspherical mirror~~ reflecting surface having two focal points, said at least one aspherical reflecting surface spanning an azimuthal arc of 360°, and
 - wherein an angle between portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging onto a recording media is θ_a , and

wherein the portion of the reference beam impinging onto the recording media has an azimuthal angle ϕ_b about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media at or near one of the two focal points.

28. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 27 further including the steps of:
 - (e) repeating step (d) for a plurality of data storage locations along a selected track, thereby recording a plurality of holograms, each at a storage location along the selected track on the optical recording media; and
 - (f) repeating steps (c) through (e) for different integers a and/or b , wherein the subsequent holograms are recorded along the selected track using the storage locations utilized by the previously recorded plurality holograms.
29. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 27 further including the steps of:
 - (e) repeating step (d) for different integers a and/or b for the same storage location on a selected track thereby recording a plurality of holograms, each at the same storage location along the selected track on the optical recording media;
 - (f) repeating steps (c) through (e) for different storage locations along the selected track.
30. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 28 further including repeating steps (a) through (f), wherein a different track on the optical recording media is selected.
31. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 28 wherein the data storage locations along a track are non-overlapping and substantially abutting.
32. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 27 wherein the optical recording media is a disk or card.

33. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The method of Claim 27 wherein the at least one ~~portion of the aspherical mirror~~ reflecting surface is a portion of an ellipsoidal mirror.
34. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 27 further including a step of reflecting the reference beam from at least one additional reflecting surface.
35. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 34 wherein the additional reflecting surface is at least partially rotatable with respect to a first axis and, independently, a second axes.
36. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 35 further including the steps of:
 - at least partially rotating the additional reflecting surface through a series of selected angles about the first axis, thereby changing an angle between the portion of the object beam and the portion of the reference beam impinging onto a recording media through the series of planar-angle multiplexing angles $\{\theta_i\}$; and
 - at least partially rotating the additional reflecting surface through a series of selected angles about the second axis perpendicular to the first axis, thereby rotating the portion of the reference beam impinging on the recording media through the series of azimuthal multiplexing angles $\{\varphi_j\}$ about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media, while preserving the angle between said portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media.
37. (Cancelled)
38. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 35 wherein the additional reflecting surface is a planar mirror.
39. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 35 wherein the additional reflecting surface is a curved reflecting surface.

40. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 35 wherein the additional reflecting surface is an aspherical surface.
41. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 36 wherein said additional reflecting surface and the recording media are disposed on the same side of any plane that is (a) parallel to a surface of the recording media and (b) intersects the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
42. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 41 wherein a portion of the reference beam impinging on the additional reflecting surface is coaxial with an axis formed by the two foci of the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
43. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 41 wherein a portion of the reference beam impinging on the additional reflecting surface is not coaxial with an axis formed by the two foci of the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
44. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 36 wherein said additional reflecting surface and the recording media are disposed on different sides of any plane that is (a) parallel to a surface of the recording media and (b) intersects the ellipsoidal reflecting surface.
45. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 36 wherein the step of directing the reference beam further includes:
 - directing the reference beam reflected from the additional reflecting surface to a second additional reflecting surface; and
 - reflecting the reference beam from said second additional reflecting surface.
46. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 36 wherein the step of directing the reference beam further includes:
 - directing the reference beam reflected from the ellipsoidal reflecting surface to a second aspherical reflecting surface; and
 - reflecting said reference beam from the second aspherical reflecting surface.

47. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A method of reading azimuthally and angularly multiplexed holograms recorded in an optical recording media, comprising the steps of:
- (a) predetermining at least one selected multiplexed hologram of a selected storage location along a selected track of recorded storage locations in an optical recording media;
 - (b) predetermining at least one of a plurality of azimuthal multiplexing angles $\{\phi_j\}$, wherein j is an integer, used to record said selected multiplexed hologram;
 - (c) selecting a ϕ_a wherein a is an integer ϕ_a is selected from the series $\{\phi_j\}$;
 - (d) directing a reference beam at the selected data storage location, wherein the reference beam is reflected from at least one ~~portion of an~~ aspherical mirror reflecting surface having two focal points, said at least one aspherical reflecting surface spanning an azimuthal arc of 360°, and wherein the portion of the reference beam impinges onto the recording media at or near one of the two focal points and has an azimuthal angle ϕ_a about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media and used to record said selected multiplexed hologram, and wherein reconstructing the selected multiplexed hologram includes relaying a diffraction pattern from the multiplexed hologram with reconstruction optics to a detector; and
 - (e) repeating step (d) for a plurality of selected multiplexed holograms previously recorded in data storage locations along at least one selected track for different integer a as may be necessary to read other selected multiplexed holograms, thereby reading a plurality of selected multiplexed holograms, each at a selected storage location along at least one track on the optical recording media.

48. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A method of reading azimuthally and angularly multiplexed holograms recorded in an optical recording media, comprising the steps of:
- (a) predetermining at least one selected multiplexed hologram of a selected storage location along a selected track of recorded storage locations in an optical recording media;
 - (b) predetermining at least one of a plurality of planar-angle multiplexing angles $\{\theta_i\}$, wherein i is an integer, used to record said selected multiplexed hologram;
 - (c) predetermining at least one of a plurality of azimuthal multiplexing angles $\{\phi_j\}$, wherein j is an integer, used to record said selected multiplexed hologram;
 - (d) selecting a pair of angles (θ_a, ϕ_b) wherein a and b are integers and θ_a and ϕ_b are selected from the series $\{\theta_i\}$ and $\{\phi_j\}$, respectively;
 - (e) directing a reference beam at the selected data storage location,
 - wherein the reference beam is reflected from at least one ~~portion of an aspherical mirror~~ reflecting surface having two focal points, said at least one aspherical reflecting surface spanning an azimuthal arc of 360°, and
 - wherein a portion of the reference beam impinges on the selected storage location at or near one of the two focal points;
 - wherein the angle between the portion of the reference beam that impinges on a recording media at the selected storage location and a portion of an object beam used to record said selected multiplexed hologram that impinged on the recording media at said selected storage location is θ_a , and
 - wherein the portion of the reference beam impinging onto the recording media has an azimuthal angle ϕ_b about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media and used to record said selected multiplexed hologram, and

wherein reconstructing of the selected multiplexed hologram includes relaying a diffraction pattern from the multiplexed hologram with reconstruction optics to a detector; and

- (f) repeating step (e) for a plurality of selected multiplexed holograms previously recorded in data storage locations along at least one selected track for different integers a and/or b as may be necessary to read other selected multiplexed holograms, thereby reading a plurality of selected multiplexed holograms, each at a selected storage location along at least one track on the optical recording media.

49. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for recording holographically stored information comprising:

at least one ~~portion of an~~ aspherical reflecting surface having two focal points,
said at least aspherical reflecting surface spanning an azimuthal arc of 360°;

at least one additional reflecting surface;

a motive device for rotating at least one of either ~~at least one portion of the~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface or the at least one additional reflecting surface about a first axis and, independently, a second axis, perpendicular to the first axis; and

means for directing an object beam and a reference beam that are mutually coherent along their respective optical paths,

wherein either the object beam or the reference beam is reflected from ~~at least one portion of the~~ aspherical reflecting surface to intersect and form an interference pattern with the reference beam or the object beam at a storage location in a recording media at or near one of the two focal points.

50. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 49 wherein at least one portion of the at least one aspherical reflecting surface is a ~~portion of an~~ ellipsoidal reflecting surface.

51. (Cancelled)

52. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 49 wherein the motive device for rotating the additional reflecting surface is a two-dimensional galvanometer.
53. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 49 wherein the motive device for rotating the additional reflecting surface is a MEMS device.
54. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 49 wherein the motive device for rotating the additional reflecting surface includes two independently controlled one-dimensional galvanometers.
55. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 49 wherein the motive device for rotating the additional reflecting surface is a one-dimensional galvanometer mounted on a rotary motive device.
56. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim ~~[[50]]~~ 49 wherein
a first focus of the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface is located on at least one additional reflecting surface; and
a second focus of the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface is located at or near a surface of or within the recording media.
57. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 56 wherein
either the object beam or the reference beam is directed to the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface by reflecting either the object beam or the reference beam from the additional reflecting surface, and
wherein said additional reflecting surface can be rotated about at least one axis to effect redirection of one of said object or reference beams through an azimuthal arc of any angle between 0° and 45° on said ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.
58. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 56 wherein

either the object beam or the reference beam is directed to the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface by reflecting either the object beam or the reference beam from the additional reflecting surface, and

said additional reflecting surface can be rotated about at least one axis to effect redirection of one of said object or reference beams through an azimuthal arc of any angle between 0° and 90° on said ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.

59. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 56 wherein

either the object beam or the reference beam is directed to the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface by reflecting either the object beam or the reference beam from the additional reflecting surface, and

said additional reflecting surface can be rotated about at least one axis to effect redirection of one of said object or reference beams through an azimuthal arc of at least 90° and less than or equal to 180° on said ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.

60. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 56 wherein

either the object beam or the reference beam is directed to the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface by reflecting either the object beam or the reference beam from the additional reflecting surface, and

said additional reflecting surface can be rotated about at least one axis to effect redirection of one of said object or reference beams through an azimuthal arc of at least 90° and less than or equal to 270° on said ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.

61. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 56 wherein

either the object beam or the reference beam is directed to the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface by reflecting either the object beam or the reference beam from the additional reflecting surface, and

said additional reflecting surface can be rotated about at least one axis to effect redirection of one of said object or reference beams through an azimuthal arc of at least 90° and less than or equal to 360° on said ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.

62. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 56 wherein
either the object beam or the reference beam is directed to the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface by reflecting either the object beam or the reference beam from the additional reflecting surface, and
said additional reflecting surface can be rotated about at least one axis to effect redirection of one of said object or reference beams through an azimuthal arc of at least 180° and less than or equal to 360° on said ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.
63. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 49 wherein the additional reflecting surface is a planar mirror.
64. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim ~~[[57]]~~ 49 wherein the additional reflecting surface is a curved reflecting surface.
65. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 49 wherein the additional reflecting surface is an aspherical surface.
66. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 50 wherein said additional reflecting surface and the recording media are disposed on the same side of any plane that is (a) parallel to a surface of the recording media and (b) intersects the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.

67. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 66 wherein a portion of the reference beam impinging on the additional reflecting surface is coaxial with an axis formed by two foci of the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.
68. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 66 wherein a portion of the reference beam impinging on the ~~planar mirror~~ additional reflecting surface is not coaxial with an axis formed by ~~[[the]]~~ two foci of the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.
69. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim ~~[[57]]~~ 49 wherein said additional reflecting surface and the recording media are disposed on different sides of any plane that is (a) parallel to a surface of the recording media and (b) intersects the first ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.
70. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim ~~[[57]]~~ 49 further including a second additional reflecting surface, wherein the reference beam reflected from the additional reflecting surface is directed to the second additional reflecting surface.
71. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 70, wherein the second reflecting surface is a second aspherical reflecting surface, and
wherein the reference beam reflected from the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface is directed to the second aspherical reflecting surface.
72. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) An apparatus for reading and/or recording of holographically stored information comprising:
at least one ~~portion of an~~ aspherical reflecting surface having two focal points,
said at least one aspherical reflecting surface spanning an azimuthal arc of 360°;
at least one additional reflecting surface;
reconstruction optics for reconstructing at least one selected hologram;
a detector for detecting the selected reconstructed hologram;

a motive device for rotating at least one of either the at least one ~~portion of the~~ aspherical reflecting surface or the at least one additional reflecting surface about a first axis and, independently, a second axis, perpendicular to the first axis; and
a means for directing a reference beam along its optical path,
wherein a reference beam is reflected from the at least one ~~portion of the~~ aspherical reflecting surface to impinge on at least one selected storage location in a recording media at or near one of the two focal points.

73. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 72 wherein reconstructing the selected multiplexed hologram includes relaying a diffraction pattern from the selected multiplexed hologram with reconstruction optics to a detector.
74. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 72 further including means for directing an object beam and the reference beam that are mutually coherent along their respective optical paths.
75. (Withdrawn— Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 74 wherein either the object beam or the reference beam is reflected from the at least one ~~portion of the~~ aspherical reflecting surface to intersect and form an interference pattern with the other at a storage location in the recording media.
76. (Withdrawn) An information storage device comprising an optical recording media wherein
said media includes a plurality of tracks;
each track including a plurality of data storage locations;
each location storing a plurality of holographically recorded images,
wherein holographically recorded images stored in each storage location are both planar-angle-multiplexed and/or azimuthally multiplexed, and
wherein the data storage locations are non-overlapping and substantially abutting.

77. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 29 further including repeating steps (a) through (f), wherein a different track on the optical recording media is selected.
78. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 29 wherein the data storage locations along a track are non-overlapping and substantially abutting.
79. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 49, further including a recording media.
80. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 79, wherein at least one of a portion of the object beam or the reference beam forming an interference pattern with the one another at said selected storage location can be rotated through a selected azimuthal angle about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of said portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media, wherein said axis passes through the selected storage location.
81. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 80, wherein data storage locations are situated along at least one track on the optical recording media, said data storage locations being either non-overlapping and substantially abutting or overlapping.
82. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 72, further including an optical recording media.
83. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 82, wherein at least one of a portion of the object beam or the reference beam forming an interference pattern with the one another at said selected storage location can be rotated through a selected azimuthal angle about an axis that lies in the plane formed by optical axes of said portions of the object beam and the reference beam impinging on the recording media, wherein said axis passes through the selected storage location.

84. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 83, wherein data storage locations are situated along at least one track on the optical recording media, said data storage locations being either non-overlapping and substantially abutting or overlapping.
85. (Withdrawn) An information storage device comprising an optical recording media wherein
- said media includes a plurality of tracks;
 - each track including a plurality of data storage locations;
 - each location storing a plurality of holographically recorded images,
- wherein holographically recorded images stored in each storage location are both shift multiplexed and/or azimuthally multiplexed, and wherein the shift multiplexed data storage locations are overlapping.
86. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 56 wherein
- either the object beam or the reference beam is directed to the ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface by reflecting either the object beam or the reference beam from the additional reflecting surface, and
 - wherein said additional reflecting surface can be rotated about at least one axis to effect redirection of one of said object or reference beams through an azimuthal arc on said ~~ellipsoidal~~ at least one aspherical reflecting surface.
87. (New) The apparatus of Claim 49, wherein the at least one aspherical reflecting surface is a segmented surface comprising a group of mirrors.
88. (New) The apparatus of Claim 49, wherein the additional reflecting surface is located at or near one of the foci of the aspherical reflecting surface.